

GEORGE HIGH  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. BOX 2000  
FORT DIX, N.J. 08640-0902

July 5, 1996

JONES, MORRISON & WOMACK. P.C.  
Attorneys At Law  
1250 Peachtree Center Tower  
Atlanta, Ga. 30303

RE: USA vs. George High, et. al.  
Court of Appeals Case Number 94-8151  
JMW File Number 93-00370-0

Dear Bill:

Please find enclosed a copy of OPINION OF THE U.S. SUPREME C  
FIREARMS- (Beecham v. U.S., No. 93-445, 5/16/94).....2  
and COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE 10 CIRCUIT (U.S. v. Hall, CA 10  
93-1097, 3/22/94), AUTOMATIC RESTORATION OF FELON'S CIVIL RI  
SUFFICIENT TO REMOVE FEDERAL FIREARMS BAR.

Bill the above information is in response to the messag  
on your voice mail earlier this morning. I noted that the ru  
the Court of Appeals was 3/22/94 and I reported to prison o  
That case made referance to a Colorado Law that has been eff  
'Eons" and as I stated to you in "92", I knew that my Civil  
been restored. It is beyond me how I recieved 97 months on c  
and 60 months on count 3, when according to the above inform  
my privilege to possess firearms had been restored.

I will not attempt to play the devil's advocate, because  
well aware of the fact that I have spent 27+ months in Prisc  
least 2 charges in violation of my Civil Rights.

I will start packing and plan to be in Atlanta For the

Sincerely

---

George High

George High  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. BOX 2000  
Fort Dix, N.J. 08640-0902

July 18, 1996

JONES, MORRISON & WOMACK, P.C.  
Attorneys At Law  
1250 Peachtree Center Tower  
230 Peachtree St.  
Atlanta, Ga. 30303

RE: USA vs George High, et. al.  
Court of Appeals Case Number 94-8151  
JMW File Number 93-00370-0

Dear Bill:

I am writing this letter in reference to our phone call yesterday morning, which I had hoped would bring some positive direction to our course of action in the above matter, but it was not to be so, so let us go back to square one.

On July 5, 1996 I called to inform you that I had discovered a "GOLD MINE" and proceeded to tell you about BEECHAM vs. U.S., No. 93445, 5/16/94.....2092 OPINION OF THE U.S. SUPREME COURT FIREARM, and U.S. vs HALL, CA 10, No.93-1097, 3/22/94 (see letter dated 7/5/96). I briefly explained to you that those cases was parallel to mine. You told me that you would research them and for me to call you back in about 7-10 days. I also sent the above information to you by mail on 7/7/96, which you recieved on 7/10/96. I called you on 7/17/96 and and you said that you thought that we should wait until the Appellant Court make a ruling on my case, and then if we lose, you could file a 2255 on the Firearm charge. I asked you about a "HABEAS CORPUS", AND you told me that would take a year to get out of prison. You then told me to let you get my file and the information that I had sent, and of course I realized that you had probably not seen my file since you filed my Appeal in early "95", so at that point I said why don't I call you back on on Monday (7/22/96), which would give you the weekend to Digest the information that I sent along with Counts 3 and 9.

Bill; on second thought I am of the opinion that because of the Gravelly of the matter and the lateness of the hour (28 months in prison), I deem that the aforementioned should be conveyed by correspondence, because I'm now 57 and subject to memory lapse occasionally. Should the occasion arise that you need to call me, My Counslor's name is Mr. Bridges, and my case manager is Mr. Sweder and my buliding No. is 5752 East. After reviewing the information, please send me a letter laying out your course of action; In the mean time I will be doing research this weekend and followup with with more legal information.

Cordailly

  
George High

George High  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. Box 2000  
Fort Dix, N.J. 08640-0902

September 1, 1996

JONES, MORRISON & WOMACK  
Attorneys at Law  
1230 Peachtree Center Tower  
230 Peachtree Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

RE: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs

George High, Virginia C. High & Robert Ward  
Court Of Appeals Case Numbers 94-8151, 94-8230

Dear Bill;

I am in receipt of your letter dated 8/7/96, informing me of the 11th circuit's decision to hear oral arguments on my case. I have also been in contact with the Attorney concerning the Real Estate matter.

Bill, the preceding issues I am about to raise are of the most serious in nature and that errors involved in conviction is of most fundamental character, and has resulted in complete and gross miscarriage of Justice.

Following are 20 case dating back to 1988, from the various Appellate Courts and one from the U.S SUPREME COURT. In all cases the courts ruled in favor of the Defendant-Appellant. All cases are 18 U.S.C. §922(a)(6), which I was found Guilty and sentenced to 60 months, and 18 U.S.C. §922 (g)(1) which I was found guilty and sentenced to 97 months. Those sentences represent a total of 13 years and one month.

1. Beecham v. U.S., No. 93-445, Argured March 23, 1993-Decided May 16, 1994
2. U.S. v. Kolter, 849 F. 2nd 541 (11th cir. 1988)
3. U.S. v. Swanson, 947 F.2nd 914 (11th cir. 1991)
4. U.S. v. McBryde, 938 F.2nd 533 (4th cir. 1991)
5. U.S. v. Cassidy, 899 F.2nd 543 (6th cir. 1990)
6. U.S. V. Hall, 93-1097 (10th cir. 3/22/94) enclosed July 1996
7. U.S. v. Ramos, 961 F.2nd 1003 (1st cir. 1992)
8. U.S. v Thomas, 991 F.2nd 206 (5th cir. 1993)
9. U.S. v. Dahma, 938 F.2nd 131 (9th cir. 1991)
10. U.S. v. Essick, 935 F.2nd 28 (4th cir. 1991)
11. U.S. v. Burnes, 934 F2nd 1157 (10 cir. 1991)
12. U.S. v. McLean, 904 F.2nd 216 (4th cir. 1990)
13. U.S. v. Bost, No. 95-3089 (D.C. cir. 6/28/96) see enclosed
14. U.S. v. Glaser 14 F.3rd 1213 (7th cir. 1994)
15. U.S. v. Morales, 902 F.2nd 604 (7th cir. 1990)
16. u.s. v. Herron, 45 F.3rd 340 (9th cir. 1995)
17. U.S. v. Edwards, 946 F.2nd 1347 (8th cir. 1991)
18. U.S. v. Geyler, 938 F.2nd 1330 (9th cir. 1991)
19. U.S. v. Haynes, 961 F.2nd 50 (4th cir. 1992)
20. U.S. V. Dockey, 955 F.2nd 50 (D.C. cir. 1992) see enclosed

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Based on the forementioned, I have come to the conclusion that our Constitutional Rights have been trampled on under the following amendments.

- Amend. 1. On October 15, 1993, George High, through his Attorney (William A. Morrison) Petitioned the Government, through its representatives, in the person's of Hon. Judge Robert L. Vining Jr, and Assistant U.S. Attorney H. Allen Moye, for a MOTION FOR JUDGEMENT OF ACQUITTAL NOTWITHSTANDING THE VERDICT; or in the alternative a new trial. Mr. Morrison also pointed out that the court erred in not granting my motion for severance as to count 3 and 9, (the firearm counts). see U.S. v. Dockery 955 F.2nd 50 (D.C. cir. 1992). Judge Vining denied the motion for a Judgement of acquittal, and also denied motion for a new trial on all counts except #14.
- Amend. 2. My right to keep and bear arms were infringed upon in mid "92" when the Federal agents raided my home and seized my gun illegally.
- Amend. 4. The search and seizure was a flagrant violation of George and Virginia High's Constitutional right to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures. Warrant was filled out after all items were seized from our home and office. Warrants were issued under ludicrous and Fantastical accusation that I was a "CONVICTED FELON IN POSESSION OF FIREARM".
- Amend. 5. George High was indited by a grand jury on False charges. George High was subject for the same offense ("DOUBLE JEOPARDY"), to be twice (1960 & 1993) put in jeopardy of life and limb; and George and Virginia was deprived of liberty and property, without due process of law.
- Amend. 6. George High, Virginia C. High, and Robert Ward, was found "GUILTY" by a biased, prejudiced, and ill informed jury, because the government deceived them in to believing that I was a "CONVICTED FELON" who needed to be in prison. The government futher convinced the jury by having a witness from Joe's Loan office swore under oath that I "willfully and knowingly made afictitious written statement to purchase gun. When in Fact; quote: "Any conviction which has been expunged, or set aside or for which a person has been pardoned or has had civil rights restored shall not be considered a conviction..." JUSTIC O'CONNOR in delivering the opinion for the unanimous court. see Beecham v. U.S., No. 93-445, Argured March 23, 1993-Decided May 16, 1994\*
- Amend. 8. George and Virginia High's Bail was \$100,000.00 each (false charges) and a co-defendant (Sims Jinks) who was an admitted drug dealer, and caught in the very act, was assessed a bail of a mere \$25,000.00 which constituted cruial and unusual punishment.
- Amend. 13. George High, Virginia C. high, and Robert ward has been in virtual slavery for the past 29 months, under the false presumption of guilt. We were undley convicted by the government comitting purjury to the grand jury and the trial jury to get a "TEMPORARY CONVICTION".

I have 19 other cases that I have not yet reserched, but these should suffice for now.

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Let me pause for just a moment to explain something: You may occasionally find a misspelled word, or improper punctuation marks, but I offer no apology because we labor under very primitive conditions; we are not afforded the luxury of computers with "spell check". We use antiquated typewriters, and our spell check is a dictionary about 100 ft away.

From the investigation, the indictment, trial and Appeal, The government acted in bad faith and with malice, and "RECKLESS DISREGARD FOR THE TRUTH". I am not naive, inept, a moran, imbecil, illiterate, or an idiot, and I will no longer be hoodwinked or bamboozled by that faction in the Northern District of Georgia. There have been enough Lies, collusion and incompetence to be shared by all.

Let us first address the issue of Severance: The issue was first raise by Virginia and George High (see record excerpts 8/20/92), again on 8/27/92 by George High at pre-trial conference. Finally on 9/20/93 Magistrate John E. Doughety recommended: [70-1] motion to sever be DENIED as to George High (4) with order of service. On 9/21/93 Judge Robert L. Vining started the trial and the motions became moot. Because the U.S. Attorney was very "adamant" that George High, Virginia High, and Robert Ward would be tried together. The U.S. Attorney ( ) and Assistant U.S. Attorney (H. Allen Moye) refused to file sepearte Appellee Briefs, so after 29+ months we're all still in prison. Now since we have all been treated as "SIAMESE TRIPLETS", throughout the trial and the Appeal process, we must conduct ourselves as such, because the strength of the wolf is in the pack.

I further address the issue of Severance on page 2 of this letter (Amend 1. and Amend 6.). Based on U.S. v. Dockery 955 F.2nd 50 (D.C. cir. 1992) and U.S. v. Mc.Partlin, 595 F.2nd 1321, and also Fed Rules Criminal Proc. rule 14, 18 U.S.C.A.-U.S. v. Boyd, 595 F.2nd. 120. It is my opinion, and the opinion the Appellate Court, that the trial court erred in not severing the firearm counts from the other counts, and also in not severing the Defendants for sepearte trials, and it was a "ABUSE OF DESCRETION.

We will now address the issue of DOUBLE JEOPARDY and also INSUFFICIENCY OF EVIDENCE. Viewed in the light most favorable to the government, let us look to U.S. v. Cowart, 595 F.2nd 1023 (5th cir. 1979) #1 Criminal Law 161:

Double Jeopardy clause provides three related protections: protection against second prosecution for same offense after acquittal, protection against second prosecution for same offense after conviction, and protection against multiple punishments for same offense. U.S.C.A. Const, Amend, 5. (see enclosure). also see 546 F.2nd 494, second paragraph: The prohibition against double jeopardy, "one of the oldest ideas found in western civilization", BARKUS v. Illinois, 359 U.S. 121, 151, 79 S. Ct. 676, 696, 3 L. Ed.2d 684 (1959) (Black J. desenting), has become "part of our American concept of fundamental fairness". Brock v. North Carolina, 344 U.S. 424, 435, 73 S.Ct. 349, 354 97 L.Ed. 456 (1953) (Vinson, C. J., dissenting). It represents such a "Fundamental idea in our Constitutional Heritage" that its basic core must be included within the equally fundamental constitutional right of due process. (See enclosure).

To catch the true spirit of Justice, let us look to WEBSTER v. DUCKWORTH 767 F.2nd. 1260 (7th cir.1985). Rehearing and Rehearing En Banc Denied. Sept. 11, 1985. See #5. Criminal Law 561(1), 1159.2(7)...Absence of competent substantive evidence to support verdict of guilty beyond resonable doubt,

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whether result of prosecutorial inability, Judicial error or recalcitrant witness, requires acquittal either at trial or on appeal; constitution prohibits giving state a second bite at the apple. U.S.C.A. Const. Amend. #4. Criminal Law 192.. Reversal based on insufficiency of evidence is constitutional equivalent of acquittal, because it means that no rational fact-finder could have voted to convict defendant. U.S.C.A. Const. Amend. 5. #3. "trial error," in double jeopardy analysis, means error that prejudices defendant, not state. U.S.C.A. Const. Amend. 5. See also #7 (Const. Law 20) Due process would prohibit retrial where it becomes clear to reviewing court, WHETHER FEDERAL OR STATE, on basis on statements made by trial court arguments presented by prosecution, objective clarity of law on issues or otherwise, that inadmissible evidence has been admitted.....

Viewed in light most favorable to the government.... Let us look to page 2 (this letter) Constitutional amend. 4. Search and Seizure; Warrants, U.S. v. Apker, 705 F.2d 293 (C.A. NEB. 1983) U.S.C.A. Const. Amend. 4...

A magistrate must determine whether there is probable cause to believe that evidence sought in search will aid in a particular apprehension or conviction. U.S. v. Hodge, 705 F. 2nd 106 (C.A. S.C. 1983)... A determination of probable cause to search made by a "neutral and detached"

magistrate" is entitled to substantial deference, and before a magistrate can find probable cause to search on basis of hearsay, the statement must reveal underlying circumstances necessary to enable magistrate independent to judge validity of informant's conclusion that contraband is present at place to be searched, and reliability of declarant's information must be demonstrated.. Scope of search is limited by its authorization. U.S.C.A. Const. Amend. 4. Finally let us review U.S. v. Gaertner, 705 F.2d 210 (C.

Wis. 1983) When challenging search warrant on grounds that underlying affidavit contains material misstatements of fact, defendant must establish by a preponderance of evidence that statements contained in affidavit were indeed false and were intentionally included by the affiant, or with reckless disregard for the truth, and that if the false statements had not been recited in the affidavit, the magistrate would have been unable to find the probable cause necessary for the issuance of the search warrant. Also see U.S. v. Wylie, 705 F.2d 1388 (C.A. MD. 1983) Hearsay, beliefs, Conclusions, and Competency.

I will next address some issues in BRIEF FOR APPELLEE: page 20, last paragraph; When Johnson refused to accept the personal check, George High became irate; produced a briefcase full of currency.... lies, lies and more lies. PAGE 17-18. Last to paragraphs on page 17, and first three paragraphs on page 18 RE: count 15 which I was found "NOT GUILTY" of, and count 14 which I was granted a new trial in November 1994. Is this lies or what. Last but by no means least; First paragraph page 4; states in part. Because defendant's George and Virginia High have challenged the sufficiency of the evidence to authorize their conviction on the two conspiracy counts, the United States hereinafter will set forth the facts, with record citations, in its argument addressing those arguments of the Highs. Because those reports are available to this Court, but are under seal, the government will briefly summarize those findings herein. We now have a whole new ballgame, because based on all the forementioned (4 pages), the government has demonstrated a blatant disregard for Truth and Justice and have run Roughshod over the rights of these lowly "SIMESE TRIPLETS" (George High, Virginia High and Robert Ward). We now feel in the best interest of Justice we Demand the following.

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1. All records relating to our investigation, by the F.B.I., B.A.T.F., I.R.S, U.S. Attorneys office, and any other government agency.
2. Copies of original indictment.
3. copies of first superseding indictment.
4. copies of complete search warrant.
5. All transcript of grand jury minutes, tapes, records.
6. any/all information deemed to our defense.
7. identity of all informants.

We demand the following based on: Freedom of information Act [5 U.S.C.A. §552(a)(3)]. The freedom of information act mandates a policy of broad disclosure of government documents when production is properly requested. (see enclosed 1 thru 7). In Ferguson v. F.B.I., 957 F.2d 1059 (2nd. cir. 1992) See #1 Records (63). Orders explicitly requiring immediate disclosure of information were properly within Appellate jurisdiction in action under Freedom of Information Act. 5 U.S.C.A. §552; 28 U.S.C.A. §§ 1291, 1292 (a)(1). See #4 Federal Courts 574. Taking pendent jurisdiction over non-Appealable issues is squarely within discretion of Court of Appeals.

Bill in RE: to the the above request under F.O.I.A.. We make this request/demand because we have no other alternative. Let me be crystal clear, and let there be no doubt, and I also believe that I speak for my Siblings (Virginia High and Robert Ward), when I say that based on the aforementioned and a mountain of other evidence; We **have lost** any/all confidence, trust, belief and faith in that faction in the Northern District of Georgia, and we feel that they are operating their own Dept. of injustice, independently of the U.S. Dept of Justice.

Bill, even you and your "Cohort" C. Michael Abbott will not escape the wrath of the Freedom Fighters. On your letter dated 12/22/94, you referred to yourself as an advocate, and I find that statement to be well put, because by definition; an advocate is one who pleads another's cause or in support of something. Now we never expected the "DREAM TEAM", and we never expressed or implied that we wanted some sort of pledge of allegiance of some solemn oath, but we innocently expected a competent Defense, because after all you were both "Former Prosecutors" for the Justice Dept. You and Michael Abbott strongly suggested that Virginia and Intake <sup>polygraph</sup> examination to substantiate our innocence. After much coxing, we reluctantly agreed and paid the silver-tongued shyster \$500.00 each and after a 3 minute test on a lap-top computer, he browbeat, ostracized, begged, pled and told us that we were facing a long prison sentence of hard time. He told me that I should think about my wife if I wanted to play tough. Bill you and Michael Abbott did everything that you could to convince us to plead guilty and make a deal. No thanks to Michael Abbott, Virginia and I had some rough times. I now question why you or the government never found all of the above. Was it incompetence or was it negligence? Let us move on to the next Issue.

Bill, let us see U.S.C.A., part 2, Court of Appeals. Rule 28-2, 11th cir. (See enclosed, marked Exhibit "F")

(ii) a statement of facts. A proper statement of facts reflect a high standard of professionalism. It must state the facts accurately, those favorable and those unfavorable to the party. Inferences drawn from facts must be identified as such.

Bill, now let us review your BRIEF OF APPELLANT, page 8,

(ii) Statement of facts (last paragraph:

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The government's evidence showed that George W. High was a convicted felon and that he was in possession of a firearm. (R10-91, 105) George High conceded these facts in his opening statement. (R8-32) Let me remind you that I did not take the stand nor speak one word in court during the almost one month trial. Was it incompetence, negligence or just a simple mistake? What ever the reason, the UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT will not rule on the gawd dam false gun charges that I was sentenced to 13 years and one month and already served 29+ month. On your letter dated July 22, 1996 RE: the information I had sent you on Beecham and Hall; you said if the 11th cir. does not reverse my conviction we can go back to the trial court of seek habeas action. I see no reason to go back to the trial court because they are the ones comitted a gross mis-carrage of justic and found me guilty of two gun charges that was baselass to begin with. I do not know if there is such a thing as an addundum or admendment but if there is you should submit one to the Court of Appeals, because "JUSTIC DELAYED IS JUSTIC DENIED". We have been in prison for 29+ months and we demand our freedom "NOW". Let me say now that if we do not get Justic in the Court of Appeals, we will go to Washington, D.C. to the Justic Dept., seek a Presidential pardon, or the U.S. SUPREME COURT.

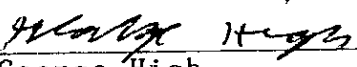
Bill; now you may say that I am being harsh, nasty, cruel and just plain arrogant. But I submit that the facts aren't proven but the accusations are too serious to ignore. Here is where "The rubber meet the road" And always remember that THE PEN IS MORE MIGHTY THAN THE SWORD. In closing I must say that this is another sad day in the annual of Justic. My mind goes back to another ~~scor~~ who also fought for "FREEDOM AND JUSTIC", in the person of Dred Scott: The case in which the United States Supreme Court held that descendants of Africans who were imported into this Country, and sold as slaves, were not included nor intended to to be included under the word "Citizens" in the Constitution, weather imancipated or not, and remain without rights or privileges except such as those which the government might grant them. (Ruling March 6, 1857) see Dred Scott v. Sandford, 60 U.S. (19 How.) 393, 15 L.Ed. 691. that truely represent our sentiment toward Justice.

I/we reserve the right to share this and all prior and future information relating to our cases with anyone in the Nation, because all Legal matters says: THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA v. George High, Virginia High and Robert Ward. I futher resolve that the meaning of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA could not be explained more eloquent than was done by President Abraham Lincoln at his Gettysburg address (1863)...that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom; and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

list of enclosures:

Exhibit "A" severance (6 pages)\*\*\*Exhibit "B" Double Jeopardy & Insufficiency of evidence (3 pages)\*\*\*Exhibit "C" Serch & seizure (1 page)  
Exhibit "D" Brief For Apellee (4 pages) Exhibit "E" Freedom of information Act (2 pages)\*\*\* Exhibit "F" Bfief of Apellant (2 pages)\*\*\*Also U.S. v. Bost, CA D.C., NO.95-3089, 628-96

cc: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (of the people, by the people, for the people)  
"I have not yet begun to fight" (John Paul Jones 1779) to be continued...  
God Bless America

  
George High



George High  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. BOX 2000  
FORT DIX, N.J. 08640-0902

September 8, 1996

JONES, MORRISON & WOMACK, P.C.  
1250 Peachtree Center Tower  
230 Peachtree Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

RE: THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs

George High, Virginia High & Robert Ward  
Court of Appeals Case Numbers 94-8151, 94-8230  
Docket #: 92-CR-182-4

...Continuation, Bill;

Let me begin by saying that "The price of Freedom is Eternal Vigilance". On 2/10/94 I submitted a MOTION for bond pending appeal with brief in support. (bh) [Entry date 02/15/94]. ORDER DENYING motion for bond pending appeal [407-1] as to George High (4) by Judge Robert L. Vining Jr. (cc: USA,CNSL) (pt) [Entry date 02/23/94). Virginia High also filed a Motion for Bond Pending Appeal, which was denied by the District Court without a hearing on February 16, 1994. She (Virginia) filed another Motion on September 18, 1995 in the Court of Appeals, which was a MOTION FOR RELEASE PENDING APPEAL FROM A JUDGEMENT OF CONVICTION, and to this day she has had no response. Virginia has also applied for Commutation of Sentence (USC 28 §§ 509-510) to the President, Compassionate Release (18 USCA 3582 (c) (1) (A) & 4205 (g)). She has also filed a petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (28 USC § 2241) all to no avail, and I suppose they "trashed them all" in file "13".

I believe I made my/our position crystal clear in my last letter, but if any doubt remain, I am sure it will be greatly diminished after this letter. Our freedom is imminent, I bet the mortgage and won, so why are we still in prison? I gave you this information in my letter dated July 5, 1996, and you have done nothing. I once told you that I felt like I was fighting the whole US government by myself (Nov. 13, 1994 letter). I told you sometimes ago that I felt like a single grain of sand on a vast beach; Well I now feel like "David against Goliath". Let me quote a statement here that I found in my reserch:

U.S.C.A. 18 § 201 EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 11222 May 8, 1965, 30 F.R. 6469.  
Standards of ethical conduct for government officers and employees.

By virtue of authority vested in me by section 301 of title 3 of the United States States code [section 301 title 3, the President], and as president of the UNITED STATES, it is hereby ordered as follows:

PART I POLICY

section 101. Where government is based on the consent of the governed, every citizen is entitled to have COMPLETE CONFIDENCE in the integrity of his government. Each individual officer, employee, or adviser of government must help to earn and must honor that trust by his own integrity and conduct in all official actions.

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Bill, in my last letter I mentioned amountain of other evêdince, and I will brief you on a portion of it in this letter.

P.S.I. page 2, #8 (see enclosed) The Offense Conduct. The following information was obtained by interviewing the defendand, Assistant U.S. Attorney Allen Moye, DEA Agent Mark Hadaway, FBI Special Agent Alex J. Turner, IRS invêstigators Bill Salinski and Shelia Whipple, and by reviewing investgative material compiled by case agents.

#98. When IRS Agents executed a search warrant at George and Virginia High's residence in July of 1992, agents found an excam .25 semi-automatic pistol in a briefcase. Virginia High identified the briefcase as belonging to George High. The pistol was turned over to ATF Agents who traced the weapon. Records reflected that the pistol was purchased on February 2, 1990, by George High at Loe's Loan Office. On the required ATF form 4473, High indicated that he had not convicted in any court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year. ATF Agents obtained a documentation that George High was convicted on February 3, 1960 in El Paso County District Court, Colorado Springs, Colorado, of Aggravated Robbery.

#99. In early 1991, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) obtained an informant who was introduced to Wallace.....The CI made the money available to SA Turner of the FBI and SA Whipple of the IRS. (see enclosed #99)

#103....Since Ward had reported his home address to be Alexandria, Virginia, IRS Special Agent Trish Lingan (from the Bailey's Crossroad, VA IRS office) met with Ward on May 7, 1991 to question him about the infinaty transaction. In that interview, Ward told SA Lingan that the vehicle was his, and that he was loaned money to purchase the vehicle by his cousin, Alex Gracia..... Ward tols SA Lingan that since he was being detailed to Korea for a year, the car was at his parants home in DecATUR, Georgia. He also told Lingan that he would be staying with his parants until he left for Korea..... Evidence reflects that immediately after Ward was interviewed by SA Lingan, he traveled to thê Atlanta, Georgia area.....

#113. ....According to IRS SA Bill Silinski, the total Value of Property involved in the case is \$1,220,000.

#114. Although the United States is the victim in this case, the Government has seized all of the properties involved, so no restitution is due.

#118. Specific Offense Characteristics; Pursuant to §2S1.1(b)(1), three levels are added since the defendant KNEW OF BELIEVED that the funds were proceeds of an unlawful activity involving the manufacture, importation, or distribution of nartotics or other controlled substance.

119. Pursuant to §2S1.1(b)(2)(F), the offense is incresed five levels, since the value of the funds was approximately \$1,220.000.

#125. SPECIFIC OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS: A two level increse is made, pursuant to §2S1.3(b)(1) since the defendant KNEW OR BELIEVED that the funds were criminally derived proceeds.

#130. Count C--Convicted Felon in possession of a firearm

130. Base Offense Level: The United States Sentensing Commission Guideline for Violation of 18 U.S.C. §2, 921(3), 922(g)(1), and 922(a)(6) is found in U.S.S.G §2K2.1 and calls for a base offense level of 20.

#143. Adjustment for Acceptance of Responsibility: The defendant pled not guilty to all counts and was convicted after receiving a jury trial. The defendant continues to deny factual guilty, so no adjustment is made for acceptance of responsibility.

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- Note #118. Three levels are added since the defendant KNEW OF BELIEVED....
- Note #125. A two level increase is made...since the defendant KNEW OR BELIEVED that the funds were criminally derived proceeds.
- Note #130. ...violation of 921(3), 922(g)(1), and 922(a)(6) calls for a base offense level of 20.
- Note P.S.I. page 2, #8...Assistant U.S. Attorney Allen Moye, DEA Agent Mark Hadaway, FBI Special Agent Alex J. Turner, IRS investigators Bill Salinski and Shelia Whipple, and Case Agents; and nobody KNEW OR BELIEVED that they were the ones breaking the very laws they were sworn to uphold???
- Note #98. When IRS Agents executed a search warrant at George & Virginia High's residence...they found a pistol which was turned over to ATF agents who traced the weapon. Records reflect it was purchased on 2/2/90 at Joes Loan Office and on ATF form 4473 High indicated he was not a convicted felon. ATF agents obtained a document indicating that High was convicted 2/2/60 in Colorado. Shurely they KNEW OR BELIEVED that High's civil rights had been restored before most of them finished grammar school. I see the IRS was no doubt the lead Agent in this whole case, because they are mentioned in #8, #98, #99, #103, and #113. IRS SA Bill Salinski made the inetial contact with Virginia and myself in late 1991, and he and SA Shelia Whipple sat through everyday of the trial behind Assistant U.S. Attorney Allen Moye. I submit that they KNEW OF BELIEVED we were innocent.
- Note #8, #98, 99, 103, and #114. The IRS, THE DEA, THE FBI, THE CASE AGENTS, THE ASSIATANT U.S. ATTORNEY, THE ATF, A CI, VA IRS OFFICE, THE UNITED STATES AND THE GOVERNMENT; and to this day no one KNEW OR BELIEVED that they "Hung an innocent man". We are not talking about some gawd dam back-wood Mississippi Shariff, we are talking about the World's Top Gun, supposedly the brightest minds in the Universe, and me My wife and Roberd Ward have been incarserated for 29+ months innocently.
- Note #114. Although the United States is the victim in this case..... I submit that the United States is the "VILLAIN" in this case. Based on the above and on issues in my prior letters I now submit that the indictment for George High, Virginia C. High, and Robert Ward should be dismissed based on Government Misconduct:  
see U.S. v Deluca, C.A. Cal. 1982, 692 F.2d 1277: The Court of Appeals does not dismiss an indictment valid on its face absant a showing that government flagrantly manipulated, overreached, or deceived the jury.  
see U.S. v Samango, C.A. Hawaii 1979, 607 F.2d 877. See,also, U.S. v Owens C.A. Or. 1978, 580 F.2d 365. Under its inherent supervisory powers, a Federal Court is empowered to dismiss an indictment on the basis of governmental misconduct. See U.S. v Houghton, C.A. MASS. 1977, 554 F.2d, 1219 Dismissal of indictment because of deliberate governmental misconduct is used as a tool for discouraging future action of same nature; the nature of conduct must be such as to convince of need for deterrent against similar governmental conduct in future investigations and prosecutions. See U.S. v Serlin, C.A.Ill.1976, 538 F.2d 737, A dismissal on grounds of governmental misconduct is justified only in situations where, do to govermental actions, the defendant cannot receive a fair trail and therefore is deprived of due process of law.  
See U.S. v Linton, D.C.Nev.1980, 502 F.Supp. 861. In order to obtain a

September 8, 1996

dismissal of an indictment based on serious prosecutorial misconduct, there must be some prejudice to the accused by virtue of Alleged acts of misconduct.

See U.S. v Cathey, C.A. Fla.1979, 591 F.2d 268. Inflammatory remarks made to a grand jury by an agent of the government other than the prosecutor can if sufficiently grievous, justify dismissal of an indictment.

See U.S. v Duff, D.C.Ill. 1981, 529 F.Supp.148. In order to assure fairness of grand jury proceeding, district courts are vested with supervisory power to dismiss indictment when prosecutorial misconduct has or might have interfered with fairness and impartiality of the grand jury.

Based on all issues raised in this letter and my past 3 letters, I now request a RELEASE PENDING APPEAL FROM A JUDGEMENT OF CONVICTION, for myself and also for Virginia and Robert Ward. Under Rule 9(b)' of the rules of Appellate procedure we would be eligible for release. (c) Criteria for release: The decision as to release pending Appeal shall be made in Accordance with Title 18, U.S.C. §3143.....That the Appeal is not for purpose of delay and raises a substantial question of law or fact likely to result in reversal or in an order for a new trial...

See Vauss v U.S., 1966, 365 F.2d 956, 125U.S.App.D.C. 23. Detention pending Appeal is justified only if court or judge has reason to believe that no one of more of conditions of release on bail will reasonably assure that person will not flee or pose danger to any other person or to community.

see U.S. v Bynus, D.C.N.Y. 1972, 344 F.Supp. 647. Defendants denied bail after conviction are entitled to an adequate statement of condition relied upon and reasons underlying the court's determination that the conditions exists, Also U.S. v Sine, D.C.S.C., 1978, 461 F.Supp. 565.

See U.S. v Ursini, D.C. Conn. 1967, 276 F. Supp.993. It is more appropriately within competence of a reviewing court, than of trial court, to judge, for purposes of bail, degree of substance presented by appeal from conviction. See U.S. v Provenzano. C.A.N.J.1979, 605 F.2d 85. An applicant for release on bail pending appeal of a criminal conviction must establish that he pose nither a risk of flight nor a risk of harm.

See Leary v U.S., C.A.Tex.1970, 431 F.2d 85. As grounds for denial of bail pending appeal, government has burden to demonstrate the applicant represents danger to other persons or to the community.

See U.S. v Harrison, 1968, 405 F.2d 335, 131 U.S. App.D.C. 390. Under guidelines of former section 3148 [now this section] imposed by Congress, it was duty of court of appeals, if possible, to set conditions under which defendant might be released pending appeal.

See U.S. v Glancola, C.A. 11(Fla.) 1985, 754 F.2d 898. Postconviction relief of Bail Reform Act requires first, that appeal raise substantial question of law or fact, and, second, that if substantial question is determined favorably to defendant on appeal, decision is likely to result in reversal or order for new trial of all counts on which imprisonment has been imposed.

See U.S. v Colletta, D.C.PA.1985, 602 F.Supp. 1322, affirmed 770 F.2d 1076. Requirments of bail reform act that defendant's ground for appeal be substantial and likely to be outcome-determinative are designed to limit bail to those relatively few instances in which court perceives that applicant has reasonably likelihood or prevailing on appeal.

Bill; when I told you in my last letter (9/1/96) that I had a "Mountain of other evedince", I suppose you thought I ment Stone mountain or look-out mountain, actually I ment Mount Everest.

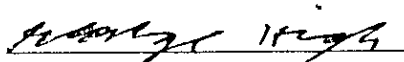
September 8, 1996

I have the utmost confidence that you, Michael Abbott and Janice Singer will be successful in securing us a RELEASE PENDING APPEAL FROM A JUDGEMENT OF CONVICTION, based on the information that I've made available to you, because "Anyone can make the shot if they got the ball". I trust that Virginia, Robert and myself will be in court for our oral arguments on October 9, 1996. Let us proceed with all haste, because "Procrastination is the thief of time".

Bill in closing let me say that the Justice Dept. i.e. ATF, DEA, FBI, IRS AND THE U.S. Attorney has become to us what Benedict Arnold was to the United States, and what Judas was to Jesus, and what Brutus was to Cesar, because they all committed perjury to the grand jury.

We have experienced the Crucifixion, and now with much anxiety and anticipation, we await the Resurrection, Renaissance, and Restoration. Rest assured I'll be eternally Vigilant.

God Bless America



George High

George High  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. BOX 2000  
FORT DIX, N.J. 08640-0902

September 14, 1996

JONES, MORRISON & WOMACK, P.C.  
Attorneys At Law  
1250 Peachtree Center Tower  
230 Peachtree Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Attorney Morrison,

I am in receipt of your letter dated September 10, 1996. Let me get right to the point. I think you have taken the Attorney Client relationship to a whole new level, or to be put bluntly, "An Alltime Low".

Let me say right here that I have no plans to follow the lead of our beloved President in his tactic for tack Diplomacy which has now almost escalated into a full scale war with "The mad dog of the middle east", in the person of Saddam Haseein of Iraq.

I will not do a collateral attack, but will address each charge separately. I take "SERIOUS OFFENSE" when anyone speak negatively of my Wife of 30 years.

While on the subject, I also noticed that in your BRIEF FOR APPELLANT, page 14 (see enclosed) you attempted to attack my wife based on an unsubstantiated statement by Judge Vining at my sentencing, and in this letter you said I stood a good chance of being (ah, a very good chance) acquitted until Virginia took the stand and basically laid everything on me. Now you know thats a crock of shit. Our conviction came from reason stated in my letters dated July 5, 1996, July 18, 1996, and September 1, 1996 and September 8, 1996. Also from the 13 individuals (for lack of a better word) who testified at our trial and the false gun charges. If you think I want my freedom at the expense of my wife remaining in prison, you are sadly mistaken. I have given you more than enough facts to warrant the dismissal of all charges against myself, Virginia and Robert Ward.

"It is now, as it was then, my professional opinion that you and Virgin ought to have accepted the government's proposed plea agreement in light of the evidence against you. Let me be gallant in my response to that statement. If you will note on the Record Excepts THAT YOU prepared along with the BRIEF OF APPELLANT, I was indiced on 7/9/92 and my arraignment was on 7/22/92, at which time GEORGE HIGH PLED NOT GUILTY. (see enclosed)

On 8/6/92 Magistrate John R. Strother appointed you (William Morrison, ESq.) as Counsel. [entry date 8/10/92]. Now I am certain that you were full aware that I had pled not guilty two weeks prior, and I think I am safe in assuming that you know the meaning of "NOT GUILTY". If you had wanted a 5K1 of Rule 35, or someone to co-operate, you should have told the Judge that you did not want to represent "George High because he pled <sup>Not</sup> Guilty. My Wife (Virginia High) had also pled <sup>Not</sup> Guilty before Michael Abbott was Appointed by the Court to represent her. "CAVEAT-EMPTOR" (let the buyer beware), It is yours and Attorney Abbotts job to represent us and not to have badgered us into pleding Guilty. To further enforce our position of your professional opinion, two days before trial you insisted on me pleding guilty and receiving 25 years based in part on 2 false gun charges.

September 14, 1996

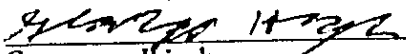
All of the information that I have been/will be sending to you has only been to hasten our freedom. In your letter dated January 9, 1996, (see enclosed), Dear George: Thank you for your letter of December 27, 1995. I certainly appreciate your efforts to help me with your Appeal..... That is a far cry from your most recent letter. Also on your letter dated October 31, 1995 (see enclosed), you "CHASTISED" MY WIFE (Virginia) very harshly; and I quote: I have received several notices from the Court of Appeals in reference to matters that Virginia has brought to their attention. You probably should advise her that they will not consider anything that she sends to them as long as she has an Attorney, end quote. It puzzled me that the Court of Appeals would send you several notices, when her Attorney of record is Attorney C. Michael Abbott; but of course that's neither here nor there. If you will note I have been adhering to the instruction that you gave Virginia, and following the "CHAIN OF COMMAND".

In response to your last sentence: As set out above, if you want a new Lawyer, please make your request as soon as possible. It is my desire that you remain as my Attorney, Advocate and Litigator, and not be my Adversary, Nemesis or Foe.

In closing let me paraphrase that famous American Jockey William Lee Shoemaker (affectionately known as "Willie Shoemaker) born in 1931. He rode in 40,250 races and won purses totaling over \$123 millions. He retired in 1990 and was paralyzed in an automobile accident in 1991. Now I submit, based on his statistics that he was somewhat an expert on horses and racing, and Willie said: "Never change horses in the middle of a race" and Certainly not in the HOME STRETCH. So I say, let bygones be bygones and let us (as a team) proceed to the finish line and the winners circle.

PRIDE is a personal commitment. It is an attitude which separates excellence from mediocrity.

God Bless America, Land that I Love....

  
George High

George High  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. BOX 2000  
Fort Dix, N.J. 08640-0902

September 30, 1996

JONES, MORRISON & WOMACK, P.C.  
Attorneys At Law  
1250 Peachtree Center Tower  
230 Peachtree Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

RE: THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs

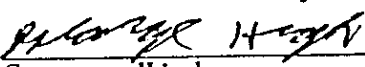
George High, Virginia High & Robert Ward  
Court of Appeal Case Numbers 94-8151, 94-8230  
Docket #: 92-CR-182-4

Dear Bill:

On September 1, 1996 I requested a list of items under the Freedom of information Act [5 U.S.C.A. §552(a)(3), that are absolutely impartible to our defense. Obviously the information that I tendered did not warrant our freedom from the local jurisdiction. I need item numbers 2 and 3 on that list; Copy of original indictment and copy of first superseding indictment. I/we (Virginia and myself) had copies of both of the indictments, but in late July 1992 when THE "GESTAPO'S" raided our home they took them. I need those yesterday, and if there is any probelum in securing them, please let me know.

Thanking you in advance for your prompt attention to this matter.

Respectfully

  
George High



George High  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. BOX 2000  
FORT DIX, N.J. 08640-0902

November 10, 1996

JONES, MORRISON & WOMACK, P.C.  
1250 Peachtree Center Tower  
230 Peachtree Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

RE: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs

George High, Virginia C. High & Robert Ward  
Court of Appeal Case Numbers 94-8151, 94-8230  
Docket #: 92-CR-182-4

Dear Bill:

On September 1, 1996 I requested a list of items under the Freedom of information Act [5 U.S.C.A. §552 (a)(3)]. On September 30, 1996 I again requested same but expressed great urgency in securing items # 2 and 3 which are copies of original and first superseding indictments. On October 14, 1996, after our Oral Arguments, I asked my Daughter to call you personally on October to request same, and she spoke to you and you assured her they would be in the mail. Two weeks later (October 28, 1996) I asked my sister Delores Harper to call you also in re: to the two indictments, but all to no avail. Bill it has now been almost 2½ months since my first request, and I'm sure those items are in your office. I will be expecting those within the next 10 days.

I had my trial transcript sent back about a month ago, and I am enclosing some startling record excerpts from same. As you will note, they are pretty much self-explanatory, but after knowing me for 4 years I'm sure you are aware that I will not miss an opportunity to further our cause for "JUSTICE AND FREEDOM".

The following pages enclosed from the transcript:

Vol. # 1. Pages 6,12,27,32,33  
Vol. # 3. Pages 4  
Vol. # 5. Pages 91,92,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,100,101,102,103,104,105,106  
Vol. # 8. Pages 159,162,163  
Vol. # 9. Pages 245,246,247,248  
Vol. # 10. Pages 27,38,39,176,177,178  
Vol. # 11. Pages 9,10,32,36,159,167,168,  
Vol. # 12. Pages 78,86,119,120,140  
Vol. # 13. Pages 23,47,96,97,107,108,109,150,151,152  
Vol. # 14. Pages 174,175,181,182

Also find enclosed the following:

U.S. v. MUNZO-ROMO 947 F.2d 170 (5th Cir. 1991)  
U.S. v. TAVARES 21 F.3d 1 (1st Cir. 1994)  
ALL U.S. v. HLL 20 F.3d 1066 (10 Cir. 1994)  
U.S. v. SANDERS 844 F.supp. 1047 (D. Colo. 1994) 1407

Note: on my letter dated 9/1/96, I gave you a list of 20 cases, and # 18 was in error, it should have been 932 F.2d 1330.

page 1

I am also enclosing you an article titled "TRIALS OF HIS OWN", which I'm sure you have read, It is ironic that I also came across Joel Peavy and Ladaris Patrick being associated with this Attorney of dubious charter. Never-the-less, this will just prove how crooked the system is, and like I always said: "TRUTH FOREVER ON THE SCAFFOLD, AND EVIL FOREVER ON THE THRONE".

Bill, I am much aware of whats going on all over the world, and in America, because we get the New York times, The New York daily news, the Washington Post, The Wall Street Journal, The USA Today and the Phalidelphia Inquirer. We also have a well stocked Law Library that is kept up to date. The hours are 7:30 A.M. until 8:30 P.M. on week days, and 7:30 A.M. until 3:30 on week-ends and holidays. I have now been her about 32 months and I come down here 7 days per week. I mentioned thei to let you know that I know about the FBI and ATF being involved in Ruby Ridge and destroying documents, and also Waco, Richard Jewell, File-gate, and I also ran across an article about Wayne O'Ferrell that I will enclose. I also see the CIA is taking a bad rap also with the Crack Cocaine in Los Angles, and the Guatemala. I read Saturday the the FBI and FAA is being accused of a cover-up in flight 800, and they say it was brought down by friendly fire from a Navy missell. Now I do not profess nor do I wish to indicate that all these things are true, but even the apperance of wrong-doing is enough to tarnish ones reputation.

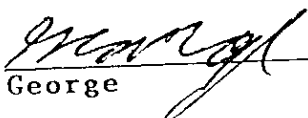
As I had told you, my intent was to have someone to hand-carry all this information to the Justice Dept., but I too was guilty of procrastination and got caught in the election, and now I understand that the Attorney General (Janet Reno) will be replaced, and I do not want my case file and related information sitting on someones desk for weeks, with nobody running the show. I still doubt weather this matter can and will be resolved on a local level, because who will trust the "fox to guard the chicken-coop".

Bill; I guess you cursed the day I walked into your office, because I know that about 95+% of all federal cases do not go to triah, and a goodly portion get a 5K1 or rule 35. I told you from day one that me nor my wife would never pled guilty and give up our rights, because we were framed and I have proved it beyond a shadow of doubt. I know that most of your cases are federal and you do not want to make any enemies at the Federal Building, but what happend to Att. Fierer, myself, Virginia, Wayne O'Ferrell and Richard Jewell can happend to anyone. I have only one statement to make: THE CONDUCT OF THE PROSECUTOR VIOLATED CLEARLY

ESTABLISHED CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY RIGHTS OF WHICH REASONABLE PERSON WOULD, OR SHOULD, HAVE KNOWN, AS WOULD BE NECESSARY TO OVERCOME IMMUNITY DEFENSE. Bill you have to make your own descision, but in closing let me make myself very clear and let there be no doubt, and I also speak for my wife and Robert Ward.

"WHEN A PERSON IS IN EARNEST, THEY ARE NOT AFRIAD OF ANY CONSEQUENCES"

"Obstacles are those frightful things you see when you fail to focus on your goals"

  
George

November 13, 1994  
Sunday 12:34 P.M.

Hello Bill,

Hope all is well, I am doing O.K.. After speaking with you Friday, I have come to a decision on the matter that we discussed. The last I spoke with you was in mid-April, and at that time you indicated that if I would be willing to co-operate i.e, debriefing, Grand Juries, testifying, assisting, and ect., I could do myself and my wife a favor, and we may be eligible for a time reduction or release. My response was in the negative at that time and remain so till this day, so I see no need to discuss this matter with Virginia.


Bill let me reiterate on the matter at hand: After going through a lengthy trial, I now understand how the system works; "TRUTH FOREVER ON THE SCAFFOLD, AND EVIL FOREVER ON THE THROAN. I/we had apr. 53 witnesses against ue, and we only knew about 7-8, and most (if not all) were liers, So I do not desire to be a part of that system. You indicated the U.S. Attorney would like to make a deal huh, The last deal he made cost us 97 months out of our lives, so I can raidily see that the gentleman has no interest in our well being, and I have no interest in another of his so-called "DEALS".

Bill when I first met you in mid 1992, I rembember coming into that Plush 12th floor suite of offices and was very impressed with all the Deplomas, Placks, and numerous awards on your wall, not the least was discovering that you had attended the most "COVERTED" Citedal, of which I personally hold in Highest Honor. When I stepped in your office and you offered me a seat, you had the Towel in hand, and every since I'v felt like a fighter in the ring against the whole U.S. Government, and you waiting for me to say I'v had enough so you can throw in the towel. Now I may be a little confused but it seems like you're WORKING BOTH SIDES OF THE STREET. I thought I had Perry Mason, but I got Lets Make A Deal. Bill its been 2½ years now and I remain stedfast, Like the rock of Gibraltar, so I trust and hope that you wont broach the subject again.

In our conversation you said that I was an "OLD MAN" and I may die in prison, If I do then so be it. If I should expire in Prison, Tell the U.S. Attorney & Staff not to make any useless trip to see if I want to get anything off my chest, because that would be in the negative.

I suppose that Incarceration has hasten the onslaught of Senility, because the Gentleman that you mentioned (ah, what's his name) is a mere "SILHOUETE. On your last letter you mentioned that my transcript would be forthcoming, so hopefully I'll recieve it soon. Now that the aforementioned matter is DEAD AND BURIED I trust we'll soon be moving to the Appeal Process.

Bill I'm going down for the second time now, so what's it going to be, Are we going to fight or will you throw in the towel? "A MAN'S GOTTA DO WHAT A MAN'S GOT TO DO, and I'm going to stay the course.

Sincerely  
  
George

George High  
43141-019 Bldg. 5752-3  
P.O. BOX 2000  
Fort Dix, N.J. 08640-0902

February 5, 1997

JONES, MORRISON & Womack, P.C.  
Attorneys At Law  
1250 Peachtree Center Tower  
230 Peachtree Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

RE: THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs.

George High, Virginia High & Robert Ward  
Court of Appeal Case Numbers 94-8151, 94-8230  
Docket #: 92-CR-182-4

Hello Bill:

I received your letter on January 28, 1997, and must say I was a bit surprised to know that you had encountered such difficulty in locating the first indictment, because Special Agent Blii Silinski and two other agents came to our office and handcuffed and arrested Virginia, and I might add they were armed. She was (I repete) arrested on the first indictment, and had to post a \$100,000 bond, and prior to that we had paid Att. Abbott \$5,000. I noticed that He has moved since the trial and he may have inevitability misplaced it, but I know it did not just disappear. I have the uttermost confidence that it will be forthcoming shortly.

I am sending you a copy of a Supreme Court Opinion: FIREARMS- Old Chief v. U.S. No. 95-6556, 1/7/97.....2010. Please also find enclosed pages 38 and 39 of Volume #10 of the trial transcript. I am sure you are already aware of it, and also knows that it relates directly to our case.

Bill I will not do any second-gussing as to why you did not raise any of the issues that I brought to your attention since July 1996, but hopefully "THE ENDS JUSTIFY THE MEANS". Depending on the outcome of the direct Appeal, I suppose you plan to go back to the trial Court with a 2255 or a motion to reduce of correct sentence; but whatever you decide, do pass it by me for my input and approval.

Thanking you in advance for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely

---

George High